

<p>6. Bankruptcy clerk's office</p> <p>Documents in this case may be filed at this address.</p> <p>You may inspect all records filed in this case at this office or online at www.pacer.gov.</p>	<p>Hours open _____</p> <p>Contact phone _____</p>
<p>7. Meeting of creditors</p> <p>Debtors must attend the meeting to be questioned under oath. In a joint case, both spouses must attend.</p> <p>Creditors may attend, but are not required to do so.</p>	<p>_____ at _____</p> <p>Date Time</p> <p>Location: _____</p> <p>The meeting may be continued or adjourned to a later date. If so, the date will be on the court docket.</p>
<p>8. Deadlines</p> <p>The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive these documents and any required filing fee by the following deadlines.</p>	<p>File by the deadline to object to discharge or to challenge whether certain debts are dischargeable:</p> <p>You must file a complaint:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ if you assert that the debtor is not entitled to receive a discharge of any debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d)(3) or ■ if you want to have a debt excepted from discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(2), (4), or (6). <p>Deadline for filing proof of claim:</p> <p>[Not yet set. If a deadline is set, the court will send you another notice.] or [date, if set by the court]]</p> <p>A proof of claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A proof of claim form may be obtained at www.uscourts.gov or any bankruptcy clerk's office.</p> <p>Your claim will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ your claim is designated as <i>disputed</i>, <i>contingent</i>, or <i>unliquidated</i>; ■ you file a proof of claim in a different amount; or ■ you receive another notice. <p>If your claim is not scheduled or if your claim is designated as <i>disputed</i>, <i>contingent</i>, or <i>unliquidated</i>, you must file a proof of claim or you might not be paid on your claim and you might be unable to vote on a plan. You may file a proof of claim even if your claim is scheduled.</p> <p>You may review the schedules at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov.</p> <p>Secured creditors retain rights in their collateral regardless of whether they file a proof of claim. Filing a proof of claim submits a creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a proof of claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial.</p>
<p>9. Creditors with a foreign address</p>	<p>Deadline to object to exemptions:</p> <p>The law permits debtors to keep certain property as exempt.</p> <p>If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption claimed, you may file an objection.</p> <p>Filing deadline: 30 days after the <i>conclusion</i> of the meeting of creditors</p>
<p>10. Filing a Chapter 11 bankruptcy case</p>	<p>If you are a creditor receiving mailed notice at a foreign address, you may file a motion asking the court to extend the deadlines in this notice. Consult an attorney familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions about your rights in this case.</p> <p>Chapter 11 allows debtors to reorganize or liquidate according to a plan. A plan is not effective unless the court confirms it. You may receive a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you may have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will receive notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. The debtor will generally remain in possession of the property and may continue to operate the debtor's business.</p>

For more information, see page 3 ►

11. Discharge of debts

Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of a debt. See 11 U.S.C. § 1141(d). A discharge means that creditors may never try to collect the debt from the debtors personally except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a particular debt owed to you should be excepted from the discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 523 (a)(2), (4), or (6), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the deadline. If you believe that the debtors are not entitled to a discharge of any of their debts under 11 U.S.C. § 1141 (d)(3), you must file a complaint and pay the filing fee in the clerk's office by the first date set for the hearing on confirmation of the plan. The court will send you another notice telling you of that date.

12. Exempt property

The law allows debtors to keep certain property as exempt. Fully exempt property will not be sold and distributed to creditors, even if the case is converted to chapter 7. Debtors must file a list of property claimed as exempt. You may inspect that list at the bankruptcy clerk's office or online at www.pacer.gov. If you believe that the law does not authorize an exemption that the debtors claim, you may file an objection. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the objection by the deadline to object to exemptions in line 8.